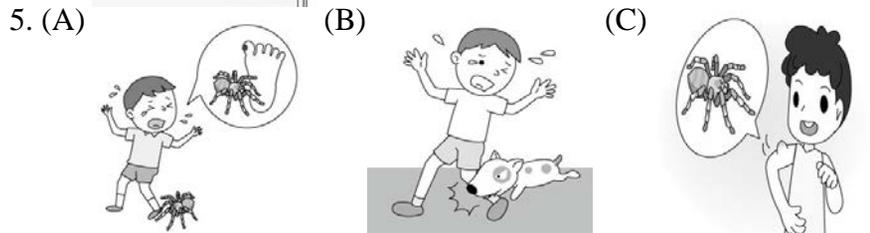
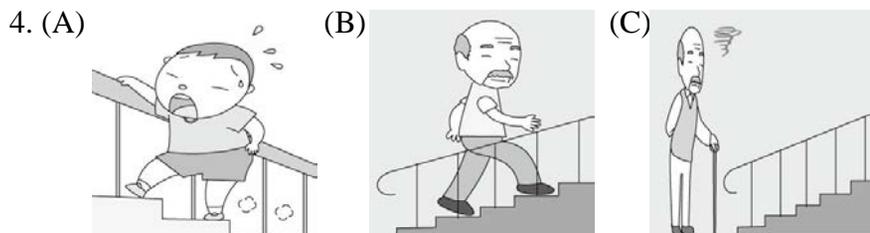
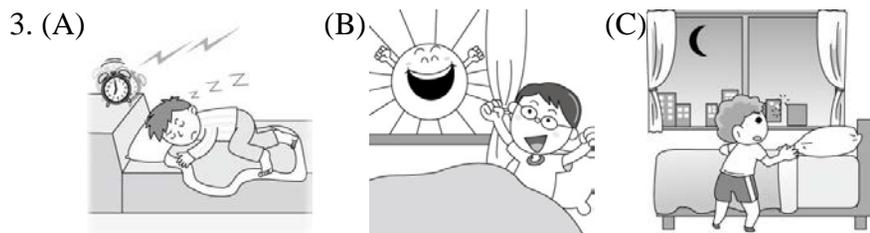
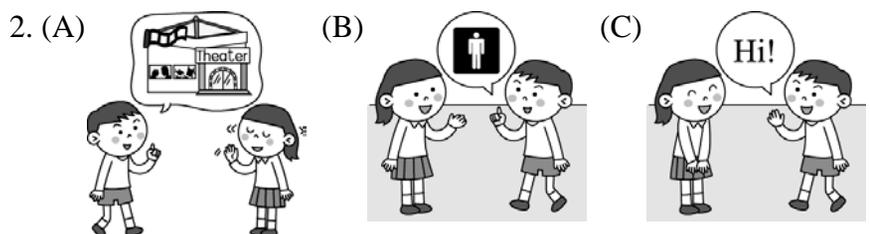
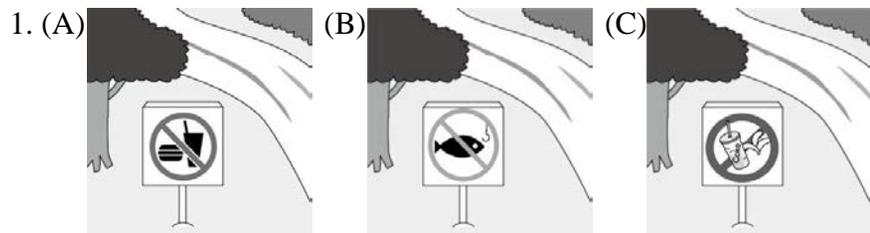


【請用 2B 鉛筆 在答案卡上相應的位置畫記】

第一部分：聽力測驗

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。(10%)



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出最合適的回應。(10%)

6. (A) Cooking isn't difficult, but cooking well is another story.
 (B) Of course, I've been a cook for fifteen years.
 (C) Yes, it was cooked by my parents.
7. (A) No, this book is not mine.
 (B) Why don't you just ask him?
 (C) That's why he likes the book.
8. (A) Sure. Count me in.
 (B) Sorry, I didn't notice that.
 (C) Let's go outside and have fun.
9. (A) Of course. Please throw it away.
 (B) No, it's dark here. Please turn on the lights.
 (C) Am I thinking too much?
10. (A) It is used around the world.
 (B) It will be sent to the north in autumn.
 (C) It stops bugs from flying in.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容與問題，選出一個最合適的答案。(10%)

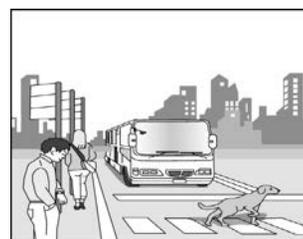
11. (A) He will go to work.
 (B) He will help his grandma.
 (C) He will go on a vacation.

12. (A) Taipei City is far away to him.
 (B) He can't get off the bus.
 (C) He caught the wrong bus.
13. (A) His acne.
 (B) How the woman feels.
 (C) The red little things on his back.
14. (A) Yes, she will.
 (B) No, she won't.
 (C) We don't know.
15. (A) He is not confident in himself.
 (B) He should become more attractive.
 (C) He cares too much about his appearance.

第二部分：綜合測驗

一、字彙與文法。(38%)

16. Look at the picture.
 What is the dog doing?



- (A) Biting the man. (B) Crossing the road.
 (C) Entering the bus. (D) Digging a hole.
17. I am afraid of little animals. I especially feel sick at the _____ of spiders.
 (A) traffic (B) wonder (C) sight (D) sign
18. Things aren't always what they _____ to be. You have to think before you speak.
 (A) appear (B) collect (C) drop (D) perhaps
19. It's _____ to say "excuse me" when you want to get someone's attention(注意).
 (A) shy (B) rude (C) angry (D) polite
20. Students, please _____ your hand when you have a question.
 (A) point (B) cover (C) build (D) raise
21. Mom, can you help me _____ this problem? I really need your help.
 (A) stop from (B) pass by (C) work out (D) get closer
22. As a ninth grader, I've made a _____ to work hard on my studies.
 (A) chose (B) decision (C) chance (D) wonder
23. With a smartphone and the Internet, we can _____ with others right away.
 (A) confident (B) comfortable
 (C) convenient (D) communicate
24. Stanley was _____ late for school; the bell rang right after he walked into the classroom.
 (A) over (B) almost (C) few (D) wonder
25. I told John to quit _____. He didn't take my advice and even stopped _____ to me.
 (A) to smoke; to talk (B) to smoke; talking
 (C) smoking; talking (D) smoking; to talk

26. Taipei 101 _____ in 2004.
 (A) builds (B) built (C) has built (D) was built
27. I miss my junior high school life. Many things _____ since I graduated(畢業).
 (A) have happened (B) have been happened
 (C) were happened (D) happened
28. A: How should I _____ the skirt?
 B: The skirt is soft and expensive. It can only _____ by hand.
 (A) wash; washed (B) wash; be washed
 (C) washed; washed (D) wash; been washed
29. The kid is _____ young _____ he can't stay at home by himself.
 (A) too; to (B) enough; to (C) so; that (D) very; that
30. The wind was _____ blow down the row of trees.
 (A) too strong to (B) strong enough to
 (C) so strong that (D) as strong as
31. A: I wonder _____ the handsome man over there is Tom Cruise. Let's go ask him!
 B: Good idea.
 (A) whether (B) which (C) who (D) what
32. My smartphone got broken. Do you know _____?
 (A) where to fix (B) what to fix it
 (C) how to fix it (D) when to fix
33. No one knows _____.
 (A) who washed the dishes (B) what does Amy like
 (C) who are you waiting for (D) where she live
34. Can you tell me _____.
 (A) how did you learn English?
 (B) why are you learning English?
 (C) how can you learn English?
 (D) how you learn English so well?

二、克漏字、閱讀測驗。(32%)

(I)

Many people love to drink cola, but few people know cola 35 mistake. It was in 1886. A man went to a store to buy cold medicine. The medicine 36, and the doctor wasn't in the store at that time. The clerk decided to make the medicine by himself. However, he put something different in the medicine.

The next day, the man went to the store again and asked for the yummy medicine. The doctor thought it was strange 37 the medicine shouldn't taste yummy. He asked the clerk 38 and got the whole story.

After that, the doctor tried many different ways to make the same cold medicine. After many weeks of hard work, he did it. And it then became a popular drink---cola.

35. (A) was made by (B) is made of
 (C) was made from (D) is made for
36. (A) sold out (B) was sold out
 (C) bought (D) been bought
37. (A) if (B) so (C) as for (D) because
38. (A) lie (B) lying (C) not to lie (D) don't lie

(II)

Lisa: You don't look well, Tim.
 Tim: Well, I got a cold. That's 39 I look pale.
 Lisa: Why don't you see a doctor?
 Tim: Well, that's 40 if I don't get better tonight.
 Lisa: Remember to drink more water and stay in bed for a few days.
 Tim: I'd like to, but I can't.
 Lisa: 41
 Tim: Because I have a very important test tomorrow, I have to study tonight.
 Lisa: Oh, Tim. Being healthy is more important than getting good grades.
 Tim: Well, the test is more important to me.
 Lisa: I really wonder 42.

 pale 臉色蒼白的

39. (A) what (B) how (C) why (D) when
40. (A) what I plan to do (B) what to do
 (C) what do I plan to do (D) what plan I do
41. (A) How about you? (B) Why not?
 (C) I don't think so. (D) I suppose so.
42. (A) how can you get well (B) how well did you get
 (C) you can get well soon (D) how you can get well

(III)

Word Museum

Did you know the meaning of a word may change over time? Many English words we know had different meanings a long time ago. One example is the word *nice*.

Around the year 1300, *nice* was first used in English to mean "stupid." Two hundred years later, *nice* began to carry a "better" meaning. If people said a book was written nicely, they meant the book was written "clearly" or "carefully," not "stupidly." After 1800, *nice* began to take its modern meanings like "kind" or "friendly." Since then, people have thought of *nice* as a word with "good" meanings.

A "good" change of a word's meaning like this example of *nice* is called AMELIORATION. Though we don't use *nice* to mean "stupid" any more, it is fun to know how much a word's meaning can change from its start!

*For more example of AMELIORATION, see next page. ()

 over time 隨著時間 stupid 愚笨的 modern 現代的

43. What can we learn from the word *nice*?
- (A) It started to mean “clear” around 1500.
 (B) It was first used in English 1100.
 (C) It still meant “friendly” around 1300.
 (D) It was used to talk about an important person around 1800.
44. Here are four sentences from the Word Museum. Which is most likely(可能) to appear on the next page?
- (A) The word *silly* used to mean “happy,” but now it means “stupid.”
 (B) The word *terrific* used to(過去常常) mean “terrible,” but now it means “excellent.”
 (C) The word *girl* used to mean “young person,” but now it means “a young woman.”
 (D) The word *telephone* is cut short to *phone*, but the two words mean the same thing.

(IV)

Fri., Nov. 29th

Dear Miss Help,

I've been sad and angry for a few days. I think I need your help.

It's about my classmate, Sunny. I invited her to stay at my home last weekend, and we had a great time. However, I noticed that one of my books was gone. When I talked to Sunny about it this Monday, she said, “I don't know. Why do you ask me about this?” Last night, I even found a skirt of mine was missing! It was in the closet of the guest room before Sunny stayed there for the weekend. What should I do? Should I ask Sunny about this again? Mother told me to forget about it, but I couldn't. Please tell me what I can do.

A sad girl,
Bella

Dear Bella,

I know you feel sad about this. I think you can tell Sunny you are looking for that skirt and book again. Just ask her if she accidentally packed them when she left. If she still doesn't want to talk about it, just trust her and forget it. Your mom is right. Sometimes, forgiving others is the best way.

Miss Help

 closet 衣櫃 guest 賓客 accidentally 不小心地
forgive 原諒

45. What does “it” mean in Bella's letter?
- (A) One of Sunny's books. (B) One of Sunny's skirts.
 (C) One of Bella's books. (D) One of Bella's skirts.
46. When did Bella's find that her skirt was missing?
- (A) On Sunday night. (B) On Monday morning.
 (C) On Thursday night. (D) On Friday afternoon.

47. Which is true?

- (A) Bella and her classmate, Sunny, asked Miss Help for help.
 (B) Bella's mom told her to ask her classmate about the skirt.
 (C) Miss Help asked Bella to tell Sunny that she didn't mind at all.
 (D) Miss Help thought that Bella should choose to trust Sunny if Sunny doesn't want to talk about her missing things.

(V)

Have you ever seen *Harry Potter* movies? The series movies touched millions of people around the world. Do you want to visit Harry's hometown?

 A trip to the England, 6 days 5 nights

Day 1	Taipei ~ London
Day 2	Visit a special coffee shop. Ms. Rowling once wrote the novels there.
Day 3	Visit Platform Nine and Three-quarters. Harry Potter got on the train there.
Day 4	Visit the magic school and have a picnic there.
Day 5	Visit the zoo. Harry talked to the snake.
Day 6	London ~ Taipei

Adults: NT\$68000 (for each)

Teenagers: NT\$60000 (for each)

Children under 12 years: NT\$53000 (for each)

 0912-345-678 (Terry)

 series 系列 hometown 家鄉 novel 小說
platform 月台

48. Cindy just graduated from junior high school, and Cindy's little brother is ten years old. If Cindy, her brother, and her mother want to join the trip, how much should they pay?
- (A) NT\$121,000. (B) NT\$181,000.
 (C) NT\$189,000. (D) NT\$204,000.
49. If Stella leaves for London on June 27th, when will she come back to Taiwan?
- (A) June 30th. (B) July 1st. (C) July 2nd. (D) July 3rd.
50. Ken wants to know whether they will visit J. K. Rowling. How can he ask Terry?
- (A) Call Terry's home phone number.
 (B) Call Terry's cellphone number.
 (C) Write an e-mail to Terry.
 (D) Go to Terry's office.

試題結束

第一部分：聽力測驗

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。(10%)

1	2	3	4	5
C	B	A	C	A

二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出最合適的回應。(10%)

6	7	8	9	10
B	B	C	A	C

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容與問題，選出一個最合適的答案。(10%)

11	12	13	14	15
B	C	A	B	A

第二部分：綜合測驗

一、字彙與文法。(38%)

16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
B	C	A	D	D	C	B	D	B	C
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	
D	A	B	C	B	A	C	A	D	

二、克漏字、閱讀測驗。(32%)

35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
A	B	D	C	C	A	B	D	A	B
45	46	47	48	49	50				
C	C	D	B	C	B				

新北市立新莊國民中學 108 學年度第 1 學期第 2 次段考 9 年級語文(英語)領域試題卷
聽力測驗文稿

錄音人員請注意：1.第一、二大題，每題唸完兩次後，請停頓 2 秒鐘給予學生作答，再進行下一題。

2.第三大題，每題唸完兩次後，請停頓 3 秒鐘給予學生作答，再進行下一題。

☺ 謝謝，辛苦了！ Thanks so much. I really appreciate it!

新北市立新莊國民中學一百零八學年度第一學期九年級第二次英語科定期評量測驗。本聽力測驗每個題目會唸兩次，請同學們仔細聆聽並迅速作答。

聽力測驗開始：

第一大題：辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片。

1. Garbage shouldn't be thrown into the river.
2. The boy is asking the girl where the restroom is.
3. Kevin was too late to get up this morning.
4. The old man is so weak that he can't go upstairs.
5. The boy was bitten on the toe by a large spider.

第二大題：基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出最合適的回應。

6. Joy, do you know how to cook?
7. I wonder whether the book belongs to Mike.
8. Staying home all day is really boring.
9. You gave up smoking, didn't you? I suppose you don't need the lighter anymore.
10. What is the net around the bed for?

第三大題：言談理解：根據聽到的內容與問題，選出一個最合適的答案。

11. W: Hey, Mark. Do you have time this Wednesday? Grandma needs someone to take her to the hospital.

M: No problem. I have a day off that day.

W: Thanks a lot, Mark.

Q: What will Mark do this Wednesday?

12. M: Excuse me, is the bus going to Taipei City?

W: I'm afraid we are going south.

M: Oh no! I should go north.

W: Don't worry. You can get off at the next stop, and catch the bus to Taipei City.

M: Thanks for your help.

Q: Why does the man feel worried on the bus?

13. W: You appear so worried. What's wrong?

M: Look at my skin! I hate these red little things on my face.

W: Hey, don't feel down! You still look attractive. Besides, they'll go away in a few days. Don't worry.

M: Perhaps you're right. I feel better now. Thanks.

Q: What's the man worrying about?

14. M: This weekend is my birthday. Come join us.

W: I am afraid that I can't. I am too busy to go to your party. Sorry.

M: That's ok. Don't worry about it.

Q: Will the woman go to the birthday party?

15. Boy: Dear Sue,

I'm Nick, a fourteen-year-old boy. I don't know how to make friends. I don't know what I will be in the future. I don't know why I have to study hard. I worry about myself a lot. Tell me what to do.

Q: What is Nick's main problem?

聽力測驗結束。