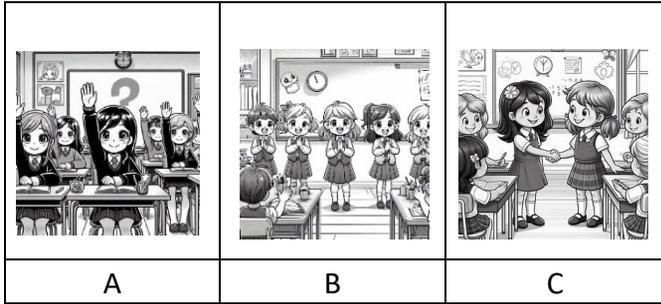


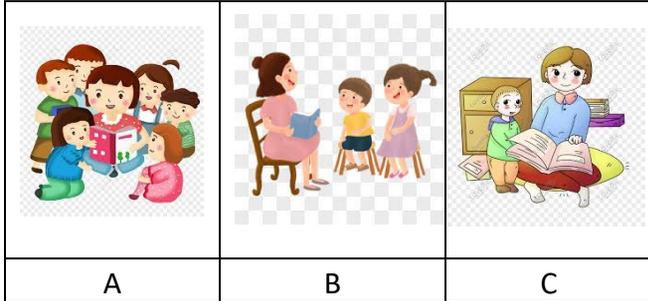
新北市立新莊國民中學 112 學年度第 2 學期第 2 次段考 9 年級語文(英語)領域試題  
第一部份：聽力測驗，每題播放兩次。20%

一、辨識句意：請依據所聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片

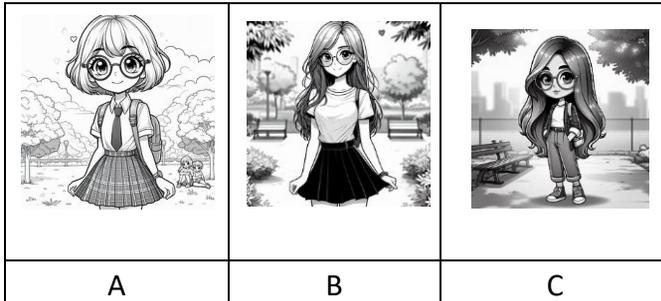
1.



2.



3.



二、基本問答：請依據所聽到的內容，選出最適合回應句

4. (A) He's a good guy.  
(B) He's worried about his history report.  
(C) He's talking on the phone outside the house.
5. (A) I'm worried about my English test.  
(B) Uncle Jason just won this election.  
(C) So terrible. The earthquake hit a few minutes ago.
6. (A) He will live in Taiwan for a long time.  
(B) He will leave Taiwan as soon as possible.  
(C) He will leave for Taiwan three days later.

三、言談理解：請依據所聽到的內容，選出最適合的答案

7. (A) School rules.  
(B) Voting steps.  
(C) Tips for taking exams.
8. (A) Which movie to watch.  
(B) When to see the movie.  
(C) Where to go the day after tomorrow.
9. (A) A TV reporter.  
(B) A ticket officer.  
(C) A university student.
10. (A) A little girl who is good at plants.  
(B) A man who wants to lose weight.  
(C) A woman who loves outdoor activities and nature.

第二部份：讀寫測驗，每題 2%。共 80%

一、綜合測驗：40%。

11. James was so surprised to see the woman who sat next to him on the plane \_\_\_\_\_ at his office this morning.  
(A) show up (B) to show up  
(C) that showed up (D) and showed up

12. Making new friends all over the world \_\_\_\_\_ us know more about the world.  
(A) help (B) helps  
(C) to help (D) helping
13. Boy: What are we going to do next weekend?  
Girl: I'm not sure...Oh, yes. Mom will take us to Taipei 101 next Sunday if she \_\_\_\_\_ a day off next weekend.  
(A) is (B) has (C) had (D) will have
14. Jim: Hey, my aunt bought me some cool shirts again, but I only love the black one. Would you like to take \_\_\_\_\_?  
Josh: Why not? Thanks for your kindness.  
(A) ones (B) others  
(C) other ones (D) the other ones
15. Mom: Honey, it will rain today. If you don't want to get wet, \_\_\_\_\_ an umbrella with you when you go out.  
(A) take (B) to take (C) takes (D) taking
16. (on the phone)  
Mom: Didn't Dad come back home yet?  
Son: Yes, he did. He arrived home while we \_\_\_\_\_ dinner with grandparents.  
(A) have (B) having  
(C) have had (D) were having
17. Jelly: Teacher Albert was mad this morning.  
Josh: What happened? He's a nice teacher.  
Jelly: Ella didn't do her homework again, so he was angry and made her \_\_\_\_\_ it right away.  
(A) do (B) to do (C) did (D) doing
18. May Day's concert in Taipei on New Year's Eve last year made fans \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) excite (B) to excite (C) excited (D) exciting
19. To say is one thing and to do is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) a (B) one (C) another (D) the other
20. I have no idea \_\_\_\_\_ Shelly is going to the movie with me.  
(A) that (B) who (C) which (D) whether
21. Wife: You know the house we live in now is not big enough for us.  
Husband: Honey, I know. But the problem is \_\_\_\_\_ we don't have enough money to buy a bigger one.  
(A) if (B) why (C) which (D) that
22. Dad: I told you the same mistake should not \_\_\_\_\_ twice.  
Son: Oops...I'm really sorry for that.  
(A) make (B) be made  
(C) be making (D) has been made
23. Students: Teacher Molly, when can we go home? It's 5:45 PM already.  
Teacher: Uh....anyone \_\_\_\_\_ homework is finished can go homework right away.  
(A) who (B) that (C) whose (D) X
24. The planet on \_\_\_\_\_ we live is called Earth.  
(A) that (B) which (C) where (D) X
25. To lose weight, Kiki \_\_\_\_\_ hours exercising in the gym every night.  
(A) pays (B) takes (C) costs (D) spends

背面尚有試題

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26. The Wangs bought a new sofa, but it was \_\_\_ big to fit through the front door of their apartment.  
 (A) so (B) such (C) too (D) very
27. Have you ever read the story \_\_\_ 3 teenagers and a cat?  
 (A) that (B) which (C) about (D) X
28. Aunt Jane was not sure which doll her nephew wanted, so she asked her to \_\_\_ which one she liked.  
 (A) deal with (B) point out  
 (C) take on (D) check in
29. Son: There is going to \_\_\_ a lot of rain later. It's not safe to go mountain climbing now.  
 (A) be (B) do (C) get (D) have
30. My two sons are totally different. Jimi always studies \_\_\_ but Josh \_\_\_ studies.  
 (A) hard / hard (B) hardly / hardly  
 (C) hard / hardly (D) hardly / hard

二、克漏字及閱讀測驗：40%

A

AI tools 31 hot lately. They can not only provide users with information quickly but also create articles, pictures, videos, and sounds. Many students like to use them for learning.

To start with, they can answer questions on any subject right away. 32 their help, students can learn as they please. But some education experts worry that students will depend too much on AI tools and might stop 33 critically and even use the tools to cheat. What's more, AI tools collect information from the Internet, so they might give out information that isn't correct or real.

Every coin has two sides, so do AI tools. Although AI tools have their problems, 34 they are still good for learning. It depends on how people use them. That's why 35 keeping students from them. Instead, students should learn how to use these tools wisely.

31. (A) is (B) will be  
 (C) were (D) have been
32. (A) Getting (B) Thanks to  
 (C) Without (D) Besides
33. (A) think (B) to think  
 (C) and think (D) thinking
34. (A) but (B) so (C) however (D) X
35. (A) there used to be  
 (B) there is likely to be  
 (C) there is no point in  
 (D) there are times when

B

A special fish called a seahorse lives in the ocean. Its head 36 a horse's head. But it's 37 than a horse. Seahorses live under rocks and inside corals. But sometimes boats **bump into** their homes. Sometimes big storms blow their homes away. Then hungry ocean animals can find them.

In Australia, a group of scientists and an **aquarium** both take care of baby seahorses. Later, they take them to the ocean. The scientists make seahorse hotels 38 with old nets and cages. Corals and ocean plants grow on them. These hotels are safe from boats and storms. They keep those hungry ocean animals out! And they help more seahorses live and have babies in the ocean. People 39 near these hotels can see these fish now! With the help of aquariums, scientists, and seahorse hotels, these special fish 40 have a new start in Australia!

*bump into* 撞倒; *aquarium* 水族館

36. (A) is (B) looks (C) likes (D) looks like
37. (A) not small (B) much smaller  
 (C) as small (D) the smallest
38. (A) which made (B) which are made  
 (C) which have made (D) which are making
39. (A) swim (B) to swim  
 (C) swimming (D) are swimming
40. (A) want to (B) get to  
 (C) have to (D) lead to

C

Art and culture go hand in hand with each other. Through art, people are allowed to have a closer look at cultures in an interesting way. In fact, if we want to learn about a culture, art is 41 we should start. There are many rich and beautiful indigenous cultures in Taiwan. People can learn about them through art. The Paiwan people, for example, are famous for their carving and pot art. It tells their history and faith. In the same way, the Bunun people pray to their gods for a good harvest with singing. Their way of singing is so special that many countries have invited them to perform. Through art, Taiwan's indigenous cultures are shared and learned. Through art, the culture is passed down. Art is important to culture. It plays a big part in sharing, protecting, and saving cultures. Through art, our cultures live.

41. (A) whose (B) which  
 (C) that (D) where
42. Which is the best title for this reading?  
 (A) Learning cultures through art  
 (B) Different indigenous cultures and art  
 (C) Taiwan has many rich and beautiful indigenous cultures  
 (D) The Paiwan's history and faith are learned through carving and pot art

背面尚有試題

D

**Gachapon's Words from Sounds**

Gacha gacha! That's fun to say! The sound of the **crank** on a **gachapon** machine is called gacha gacha! Gachapon machines that sell small plastic toys, one of which comes by chance out of the machine when money is put into it. Gachapon toys are part of a set. There are **anime** sets, **wacky** cartoon sets, and more. Most people aren't satisfied with only one toy. They want the whole set! You never know which toy you'll get. And the toy you want almost never comes out! To get the whole set, you have to put money in again and again. It's easy to spend lots of money on gachapon toys!

The world's biggest gachapon store is in **Tokyo**, Japan. It has more than 3,000 machines and millions of toys! Gacha gacha ... What a great word! What else is named for the sound it makes? Hey! That was a "pon."

*crank* 可轉的把手 ; *anime* 日本動畫 ; *wacky* 滑稽的 ; *Tokyo* 東京

43. What is the gachapon machine?  
 (A) A selling machine (B) A beautiful crank  
 (C) A high-quality toy (D) A coin exchanger
44. What are gachapon machines full of?  
 (A) Toys (B) Books (C) Games (D) Food
45. What can we learn from the reading?  
 (A) Gachapon is popular in Japan.  
 (B) Gacha gacha is one kind of toy.  
 (C) Gachapon machine costs nothing.  
 (D) You can always get anything you want in it.

E

Cats are such great **companions**. They're playful, independent, and can be really lovely. They're perfect for apartment living too! They don't need much space. In **Singapore**, cats are not allowed in most apartments. But soon, this rule is going away. People like Sunny, who secretly kept her cat Mooncake, will not have to worry about **finer** anymore. A poll in 2022 found that 9 out of 10 people think cats are great pets for apartments. So, the government decided it was time to update the rules. But it's not just about letting cats live in apartments. There are new plans to keep cats safe and happy. Each home can have up to two cats. Cats will need a **microchip** and a **license**. What's more, it might help more rescued cats find homes. Singapore is known for having lots of rules. For example, you can't buy or eat **chewing gum** there. And until now, you couldn't have cats in most apartments. But times are changing! Some people think the new cat rules could be better. They want all cats to be **sterilized** and owners to take full **responsibility** for their pets. This is important because sometimes cats need help when they get sick or hurt. Overall, this new law is a big step forward for cat lovers in Singapore. It shows that the city cares about its **fur** babies and the people who love them. Now, cats like Mooncake can live happily and safely in their homes.

*companions* 伴侶 ; *finer* 罰單 ; *microchip* 晶片 ; *license* 許可執照 ; *chewing gum* 口香糖 ; *sterilized* 結紮 ; *responsibility* 責任 ; *fur* 毛絨的

46. Which is true according this reading?  
 (A) Each home has 2 cats at least.  
 (B) This new law will be exciting to cat lovers.  
 (C) Fur babies are kids who have long hair.  
 (D) Chewing gum and cats used to be allowed.
47. Which is the best title for this reading?  
 (A) Living in Singapore is not easy  
 (B) Finding home for rescued cats  
 (C) Pet Cat Laws in Singapore Change  
 (D) Singapore government has updated the rules

F

As we know, if you want to go to college, you surely need to take the college entrance exam. It's an important test to many students, especially in South Korea. They're always under a lot of studying pressure. So how would you feel if the teacher ended the test early? That's what happened to some students in South Korea. The students were so angry that they **sued** the government. In South Korea, this test called the "Suneung" is one of the hardest tests in the world. The test is eight hours long, and covers several subjects. Many students think their whole future depends on this test. It decides not only which university they can get into but what job they can get and even what kind of life they can lead. On the test day, the whole country stays quiet so students can focus. But recently, something bad happened to one group of students. During the first part of the test, the bell rang early. Actually, it was only 90 seconds early, but the students thought it had a great influence on them. Many students were upset and they couldn't focus on the other parts of the test. Some of them even gave up and went home. Now, 39 students have joined a **lawsuit**. They are **suing** the government for 20 million Korean dollars each. That's about half a million NT dollars. They say that's the cost of studying for another year to take the test again. In fact, it's not the first case in South Korea. Last year, another group of students **sued** the government when their test ended 2 minutes early. And they won. In a way, it makes sense. At least they should have an equal chance. What do you think about this?

*lawsuit* 訴訟

48. What does the word "sue" mean in this reading?  
 (A) A common girl's name  
 (B) An important test in South Korea  
 (C) To give out some information to someone  
 (D) To take action against a person or a group by law
49. Which is true according to the reading?  
 (A) Almost everyone can easily pass the Suneung.  
 (B) Students were angry because they got less time.  
 (C) Nobody won the government in that kind of case.  
 (D) As long as you take the Suneung, you can get 500 thousand NT\$.
50. What is the best title for this reading?  
 (A) College entrance exam  
 (B) The faults from teacher  
 (C) A Lot of pressure on studying  
 (D) Students take their government to court

試題結束

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