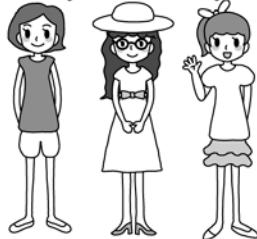


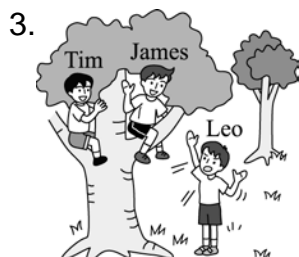
請用 2B 鉛筆在答案卡上相應的位置畫記

一、根據聽力內容，選出符合圖片內容的答案(1~5)10%

1. Wenny Tina Joyce



2.



4.



二、根據聽力內容，選出最適當的回應句(6~10)10%

6. (A) Painting helps me relax.
(B) I'll take painting as my career.
(C) After I visited the art museum at age 16.
7. (A) You're very lucky.
(B) Don't turn me down.
(C) Cheer up. Let's work them out.
8. (A) No, the cat that is sleeping is mine.
(B) Yes, it is my bird.
(C) No, the cat isn't catching a bird.
9. (A) So does she. (B) Neither does he.
(C) Neither am I.
10. (A) Well, he might be a polite student.
(B) That's terrible. Did he do something wrong?
(C) Maybe Jimmy has done something great.

三、根據短文內容回答問題，正確的寫 A，錯誤的寫 B (11~15) 10%

11. "Seeing is believing." is a good way to make internet friends.
12. Some internet friends may cheat people on the Net.
13. After some people met their internet friends, they got hurt or lost money.
14. People should not take their family and friends to meet the internet friends.
15. People can give their telephone number to their internet friends

四、文意字彙與語法測驗(16~30) 30%

16. Mr. Black speaks many _____ languages, like English, French and Japanese.
(A) slim (B) born (C) foreign (D) stupid
17. Smoking may _____ lung cancer(肺癌).
(A) keep from (B) push on (C) lead to (D) tidy up
18. Mr. Wilson runs his _____ very well, so he makes a lot of money.
(A) space (B) reward (C) stamp (D) business
19. A person who always daydreams and never works hard won't be _____. (A) successful (B) dull
(C) dangerous (D) simple
20. Jane is studying _____. She only comes back to Taiwan during Chinese New Year.
(A) above (B) abroad (C) aside (D) suddenly
21. That old woman asked a policeman for help because a bad guy _____ her of her money.
(A) baked (B) cheated (C) typed (D) lasted
22. I have lived here for ten years but never seen that guy ; he is a _____ to me.
(A) prisoner (B) balcony (C) rose (D) stranger
23. May always makes a _____ before she goes to the supermarket.
(A) list (B) heat (C) rock (D) pound
24. He tried to make money to _____ her children with food. (A) seem (B) pack (C) provide (D) relaxed
25. That young girl _____ to cook for the homeless, and she was never paid anything.
(A) entered (B) volunteered (C) fixed (D) interested
26. A: I have no idea how to make an apple pie.
B: _____. Nina is good at it. Let's ask her.
(A) Neither does Nina (B) So do I
(C) I don't, either (D) I do, too
27. They want to buy the house _____. It's big enough and comfortable for their family to live.
(A) Mr. Howard lives in it
(B) there are four rooms
(C) which is next to Green Park
(D) has a beautiful garden
28. After Dr. Lin asked Mrs. Kao _____ her baby last night, he gave her some medicine for her baby.
(A) what she fed (B) who she fed
(C) that she fed (D) which she fed
29. The dress _____ is the prettiest and the most expensive in the store.
(A) that the women like it most.
(B) which the women likes most
(C) the women like it most
(D) the women like most

30. Which sentence is **true**?

- (A) The boy and his dog which are taking a walk over there live near our house.
- (B) Who is the teacher who comes from the USA ?
- (C) Have you ever heard about AIDS, that is one of the worst health problems in the world?
- (D) We are sure that the girl he saw yesterday is Sue.


五、克漏字選擇(31~ 40) 20%

Studying is important, and 31 hobbies. Some hobbies may become one's lifetime career. Jolin Tsai, a superstar in Taiwan, is a good example. In high school, she liked to sing and joined many song contests. She took up singing as a job after she won many contests, but she still had to finish her studying at the same time. At first, Jolin was not so famous, but she never quit and kept 32 new songs. Since 1999, more than one hundred Jolin's concerts 33 in 34 cities. Who can **imagine** the girl 35 is famous for her songs now?

 **imagine** 想像

- 31. (A) so have (B) so is (C) so is having (D) so does
- 32. (A) sings (B) sang (C) singing (D) to sing
- 33. (A) hold (B) were holding (C) were held (D) have been held
- 34. (A) dozens of (B) two dozens (C) dozen of (D) dozen
- 35. (A) with dreams (B) who have dreams (C) has dreams (D) who with dreams

Xin-ling Shen, a common Taiwanese girl, 36 a lot to help those in need since she was a fourth grade student. She was called "fallen angel" by people. When she was twelve, she learned many computer skills by 37 books and set up her own website to sell clothes online for her parents. She was the first person 38 created an online **system** to help many farmers 39 their pomelos at that time. Many years have passed, she still cares about people and helps them. Her acts of kindness also **inspired** the young people 40.

 **system** 系統 **inspire** 激勵


- 36. (A) does (B) has done (C) is done (D) who has done
- 37. (A) read (B) reading (C) is reading (D) being done
- 38. (A) X (B) which (C) that (D) whether
- 39. (A) sold (B) is sold (C) have sold (D) sell

- 40. (A) what she has ever helped
- (B) she has ever helped
- (C) that she has ever helped them
- (D) if she would helped them or not


六、閱讀測驗 (41~ 50) 20%

The word "chips" means different things in American and British English. Chips in British English are usually thick-cut potato pieces, baked or fried, often served as a side dish with a main meal. In the US, these are usually cut thinner, in long, **narrow** pieces, and are called "French fries".

There are other foods which are given different names: cookies are called "biscuits" in British English; candies in the US, however, are "sweets" in British English. The sweet **course** at the end of a meal, which is called "dessert" in both American and British English, can also be called "pudding" in British English.

 **narrow** 狹窄的 **course** 一道菜

- 41. Which is the best title of this reading?
 - (A) The differences between American English and British English about food.
 - (B) How to order foods in American English and British English.
 - (C) Differences between American foods and British foods.
 - (D) Many American foods and British foods are not the same in USA.
- 42. Which is true about "chips" in American English?
 - (A) They are cut into thick pieces.
 - (B) They are cut into thinner pieces.
 - (C) They are baked or fried as a side dish.
 - (D) They are served with a main meal.
- 43. Which is true about the reading?
 - (A) Biscuits are called "cookies" in British English.
 - (B) Candies are called "sweets" in American English.
 - (C) "Dessert" can also be called "pudding" in both American and British English.
 - (D) Potatoes which are cut into long, narrow pieces and fried are called "French fries".

 尚有下張試題

YouTube is very popular with people now. Since February 2005, YouTube has met many people's needs all over the world. In 2013, homemade videos and TV shows were watched on YouTube by more and more people in Taiwan. In the **prime time**, sixteen to twenty-year-old people chose to watch videos on YouTube, not TV programs. Besides, people used it to upload, watch and share videos with friends even with the people they have never met.

People also can become YouTube stars by sharing the videos which they made with other people in the world. Creating a **viral video** that everyone in the world watches is the fastest way to become a YouTube star.

YouTube stars should be careful about following YouTube's rules because they know that if they don't, they will be suspended. Their videos won't be watched by their fans again.

📖 **prime time** 黃金時段
viral video 爆紅網路影片

44. Which people may choose to watch videos on YouTube, not TV programs in the prime time?
(A) A forty-year-old housewife.
(B) An elementary school student.
(C) A senior high school student.
(D) A sixty-year-old man.
45. From the reading, we can know that people would not use YouTube to _____.
(A) upload videos. (B) watch videos.
(C) sell videos. (D) share videos.
46. What does "suspended" mean in this reading?
(A) People will be asked to stop sharing videos with others.
(B) People will be asked to make videos for others.
(C) People will be asked to be careful about their videos.
(D) People will be asked to stop watching videos of others.
47. Which is **Not** true about this reading?
(A) More and more people in Taiwan have watched homemade videos on YouTube for about 6 years.
(B) People used YouTube to share videos with their friends and even the people they have ever met.
(C) The fastest way to be a YouTube star is to create a viral video.
(D) YouTube stars know that they should be careful and follow YouTube's rules.

Arjanit Mehana from Sweden owns a warm and friendly pit bull whose name is Simba. Pit bulls don't get a lot of love from many people because of their scary appearances and the news which is about people have ever been bitten by them, so Arjanit's neighbor, who is an old lady, really doesn't like the pit bull.

The neighbor never liked Simba because she thought he was a "bad" **breed**. Simba always tried to welcome the old lady, but she looked at him coldly and with **fear**.

One day, when Arjanit and Simba were coming back home from a walk, Simba started crying out and ran to the door where the neighbor lives. From inside the house, they heard the neighbor call for help: she had fallen down and broken her **hip**. Arjanit and Simba stayed with the woman until an **ambulance** came. When they waited, the old lady said, "Thank you for hearing me." Arjanit thought she was talking to him at first," But then she said, "No, not you — but the nice doggie."

Simba, however, soon became a hero in the sweetest way. Arjanit hopes that Simba's story will make others think twice before **judging** an animal because of its breed.

📖 **breed** 品種 **fear** 恐懼 **hip** 臀部
ambulance 救護車 **judge** 評判

48. What can we know about "Simba" from the reading?
(A) He is a man from Sweden
(B) She is an old lady.
(C) It is a friendly dog.
(D) She is a neighbor.
49. Which one is **Not** the way Simba did to help the old lady?
(A) He started crying out.
(B) He talked with the old lady.
(C) He ran to the door in which the old lady lives .
(D) He stayed with the old lady when she got hurt.
50. What can we learn from this reading?
(A) Many people don't love pit bulls because they are not interested in the news about pit bulls.
(B) The old lady didn't call for help, but Simba still found her.
(C) The old lady thanked Arjanit for saving her.
(D) Arjanit hopes that people should not judge an animal just because of its breed at the first time.

試題結束！

一、根據問句，選出適當的回應句(1~5)10%

1. (A) The girl in shorts is Tina.
(B) Joyce is the girl in a skirt.
(C) The girl with a hat is Wenny.
2. (A) The boy has no interest in sports.
(B) Being at home brings the boy pleasure.
(C) The boy enjoys doing outdoor activities.
3. (A) Leo is the boy who is standing under the tree.
(B) Tim is the boy who cannot climb trees.
(C) James is the boy who is sitting under the tree.
4. (A) Danny's mom told him to be polite.
(B) Danny's mom told him to cheer up.
(C) Danny's mom told him not to be nervous.
5. (A) Dylan posted an article online.
(B) Dylan e-mailed his friend a letter.
(C) Dylan uploaded some funny pictures.

二、根據聽到的內容，選出最適合的回應句(6~10) 10%

6. When did you take up painting as a hobby?
7. I can't solve these problems. I'm bad at everything.
8. Is that your cat? The one that is catching a bird.
9. I don't like this film which is very boring.
10. Jimmy's teacher is mad at him.

三、根據短文內容回答問題，正確的寫 **A**，錯誤的寫 **B**(11~15)10%

"Seeing is believing" is not always true. Many people like to chat online. But it's not safe to make friends through the Net. Some people like to make new friends on the Net, and most of them may be cheated. Some internet friends may make people believe what they said. It is reported that some people got hurt, lost money or were missing after they met their internet friends.

If you need to meet your internet friends, the best way is to let your family or friends go with you. Don't date your internet friends alone. Don't let your internet friends know where you live. Don't give out your telephone number, and always choose a place which is bright and safe to meet your internet friends.

試題解答

- | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------|-------|---------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| 1~5 | <u>BCAAC</u> | 6~10 | <u>CCABB</u> | 11~15 | <u>BAABB</u> | 16~20 | <u>CCDAB</u> |
| 21~25 | <u>BDACB</u> | 26~30 | <u>CCADD</u> | 31~35 | <u>CCDAA</u> | 36~40 | <u>BBCDB</u> |
| 41~45 | <u>ABDCC</u> | 46~50 | <u>AB CBD</u> | | | | |